IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEBRASKA

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, Plaintiff,

CASE NO: 4:14CR03138

VS.

ANDREW JOSE ESPINOZA,

DETENTION ORDER

Defendant.

The defendant is charged with a drug crime under the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. § 801 et seq.), for which the defendant could be required to serve ten or more years in prison. On the government's motion, the court afforded the defendant an opportunity for a detention hearing under the Bail Reform Act, 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f). The court concludes the defendant must be detained pending trial.

There is a rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the defendant's appearance at court proceedings and the safety of the community because there is probable cause to believe the defendant committed a drug crime under the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. § 801 et seq.), for which the defendant could be required to serve ten or more years in prison. The defendant has not rebutted this presumption.

Based on the information of record, the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the defendant's release would pose a risk of nonappearance at court proceedings, and by clear and convincing evidence that the defendant's release would pose a risk of harm to the public

Specifically, the court finds that the defendant has a criminal record which indicates a propensity to violate the law and court orders; has a propensity to harm or threaten harm to others; is addicted or abuses mood-altering chemicals and is likely to continue such conduct and violate the law if released; has limited contacts with the community; lacks a stable residence; has limited employment contacts; has failed to appear for court proceedings in the past; has mental health issues which will pose a risk of harm if the defendant is released; waived the right to a detention hearing; and conditions which restrict Defendant's travel, personal contacts, and possession of drugs, alcohol, and/or firearms; require reporting, education, employment, or treatment; or monitor Defendant's movements or conduct; or any combination of these conditions or others currently proposed or available (see 18 U.S.C. § 3142(c)), will not sufficiently ameliorate the risks posed if the defendant is released.

Dated December 11, 2014

BY THE COURT:

<u>s/ Cheryl R. Zwart</u> United States Magistrate Judge